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TIGHTEN CONTROLS ON GRAIN PURCHASES

RESULTS FAVORABLE -- Gazeta Handlowa, No 10, 4 Feb 50

Up to now, grain purchases made by PZZ (Polish Granaries) were conducted without rigid controls. This system permitted the state to accumulate sufficiently large amounts in granaries to guarantee ample supply of the principal items for the market and to stabilize the grain market. However, closer analysis of the grain market in the light of periodically recurring strain leads to the conclusion that the principle of uncontrolled purchase does not fully guarantee the realization of objectives in the Six-Year Plan. Study of the grain purchases under the Three-Year Plan focuses attention on the unpredictable features of grain deliveries made by farmers. There were spurts in supply which threatened to disturb the operations of purchase centers and granaries and overload the transportation systems. In intervening periods, marketing difficulties arose because purchases did not cover the demand at the given amount.

Planning from now on must embrace all the factors so as to reduce the element of chance. Proper balance of all the factors will result in more efficient handling in warehouses, transportation, food industries, etc. Delivery schedules must be considered in the plan to overcome random fluctuations in supply. The plan for every supplier must include specifications covering the quantity, quality, type, and delivery date.

The new procedure on grain purchases was first discussed early in January 1950, when each community elected a three-man board to serve as a link between the local farmers and the marketing apparatus. Results so far have been favorable.

CIESZYN SCHOOL FEATURES DAIRYING -- Gazeta Handlowa, No 10, 4 Feb 50

Cieszyn Powiat, with a climate adapted to cattle raising, has the highest dairy production in Poland. Dr Tadeusz Rylski and Tadeusz Licznarski were pioneers in model dairying in Cieszyn. Licznarski was the

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first to produce high-grade cheeses. One of the first experimental cheese-making stations was opened in Bazanowice near Cieszyn. Immediately after Poland's liberation, Rodkiewicz, former headmaster of WSGW (Advanced School of Rural Economy), Dr Dubinski, and Swiatek organized a faculty of dairying at the WSGW with support from the Ministry of Education and Spolem. The dairying school is the only one of its type in Poland and is supported by CSMJ (Central Office of Dairy Cooperatives). Rzeszow and Wrzesnia have Lyceums for Dairying, but the number of graduates from these schools is not sufficient to meet the demand of the constantly expanding dairy industry. The CSMJ will train their own employees and also provide personnel for the WSGW.

Prof Tomasz Dziama, Dean of the Faculty of Dairying at the WSGW, stated that the 3-year course covers contemporary Poland, economics, foreign languages, mathematics, physics, and chemistry, as well as studies on morphology and anatomy of microbes, fermented milk beverages, microflora of milk, cream, butter, and cheese, etc.

Halina Karnicka is the manager of a large two-story microbiology laboratory equipped by the CSMJ for the WSGW. Here, pure cultures are produced for 615 dairies. In 1949, approximately 12,000 of these cultures were produced. This laboratory is also the only one in Poland producing cultures for educational institutions. The laboratory is equipped with modern apparatus; the only thing lacking is an autoclave.

Z. Dubiska is the manager of the egg research division for the inspection, weighing, candling, grading, and quantitative chemical analysis of eggs. Special training is given for proper packing of eggs for storage, shipping, etc. The laboratory has modern apparatus for candling and grading by weight, incubators, etc.

The WSGW also has a modern department of dairy mechanization.

TO DEVELOP SHEEP RAISING - Rzeczpospolita, No 29, 29 Jan 50

The State Agricultural Administration imported 4,000 mountain and Pomeranian sheep to Dolny Slask in 1949. These sheep acclimatized themselves satisfactorily to the mountain regions of the wojewodztwo, and will be crossbred with the local Fryzja sheep to produce a breed with a heavy growth of wool. Sheep raising in 1950 is expected to increase considerably.

RZESZOW EXCEEDS REFORESTATION PLAN -- Dziennik Polski, No 1, 1 Jan 50

The Plenary Meeting of the Wojewodztwo National Council was held in Rzeszow on 30 December, Manager Rogalski presiding. Director Kutyla gave a report on the Administration of State Forests in the Rzeszow Region covering the period from 1 October 1947 to 30 April 1949.

The Administration organized schools and training courses training a total of 9,420 persons from 1947 - 1948 and 5,737 from 1948 - 1949. Many workers received advancements to positions of managers of sawmills, lumber storage depots, etc.

There are 28 sawmills operating 53 saws and employing 1,348 laborers and 199 white-collar workers. Besides timber production, there are factories producing shooks and packing materials for export and for domestic consumption.

The Office of Auxiliary Production handles the collection of seeds, resin, tanning bark, hay, fruit, mushrooms, organization of osier plantations, mechanical exploitation of peat, fishing, hunting, etc.

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The Three-Year Plan was achieved 111 percent in afforestation and 125 percent in nursery organization. Under the Six-Year Plan, the eastern and the mountainous areas will receive special attention. It is expected that 158,600 hectares will be afforested.

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